

FURTHER GAINS MADE BY FRENCH IN HARD FIGHT

Progress Recorded in Region of Laffaux and Vaucleire Plateau, and Several Lines of Trenches East of Loive on Southern End of Hindenburg Line Were Captured

GERMANS REPULSED IN THE CHAMPAGNE

British Official Statement Tells of Ground Being Gained During the Night in the Neighborhood of Villers-Guislain and That Elsewhere There Was Little of Interest

Paris, April 20.—Violent fighting continued during the night, in the course of which the French made further gains in the region of Laffaux and Vaucleire plateau, the war office announced to-day. Several lines of trenches east of Loive were captured. Heavy counter-attacks by the Germans in Champagne were repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy.

The official communication last night reads as follows:

"Between the Somme and the Oise, quite violent artillery actions were in progress.

"North of the Aisne, the enemy, under our energetic pressure, continued to withdraw in the direction of the Chemin des Dames. Our troops in the course of the day occupied the villages of Aisy, Jony and Laffaux, and kept in close contact with the enemy. Fort De Conde (north-west of Conde sur Aisne) also fell into our power.

"In the region of Hurbise, after a spirited engagement, we occupied a point of support north of that farm, taking 500 prisoners and two cannons of 105 millimetres.

"West of Bernicourt, we made an important advance and captured about 60 prisoners.

"In Champagne the artillery action was continued furiously against the Massif of Moronvilliers. We enlarged our positions north of Mont Haut, and repulsed two German counter-attacks in that region and on Mont Carillet.

"Northwest of Auberville our troops brilliantly carried out a front of two kilometres a system of trenches strongly organized, joining this village with the Moronvilliers Wood, and drove back the enemy to the southern outskirts of Vaudesincourt. One hundred and fifty prisoners were captured in the course of this action.

"In the Argonne, a German attempt against one of our trenches in the direction of Bolante was easily repulsed.

"Artillery fighting, at times quite spirited, took place in the region of Vaucleire and on the left bank of the Meuse in the direction of Le Mort Homme."

French Pressure Slowly Telling.

The uniform failure of the Germans to resist the steady and methodical pressure of the French is the outstanding feature of the operations to date in the great offensive on the Aisne and in Champagne. It is clear that General Nivelle's armies are in no danger of losing the initiative and that gradually but surely all the salients along the Soissons-Auberville front are being crushed. The principal salient to which the enemy clung formed an angle where the front running south from St. Quentin rhinged on a line running eastward from Rheims. Caught as in a vice by the troops advancing from Laffaux and northeast from Vailly and Chayenne, the angle collapsed yesterday and Fort Conde was captured.

London, April 20.—"We gained ground during the night in the neighborhood of Villers-Guislain," says the official statement. "Elsewhere there was nothing of special interest."

The British official statement last night reads as follows:

"We improved our position slightly south of Monchy-le Preux.

"To-day we further progressed east of Fampoux and in the enemy's trenches southeast of Loos, where we again captured prisoners.

"South of Lens an enemy bombing attack was successfully beaten off.

"The total number of guns captured to date is 228."

GERMANS' WORST DEFEAT

Was the Loss of Vimy Ridge, Says Captured German Officer.

From a staff correspondent of the Associated Press, British Headquarters in France, April 20, via London.—A German officer captured Tuesday frankly stated that the Germans regard the loss of Vimy ridge as the biggest defeat they have suffered since the war began. This officer knows the ridge thoroughly, having been stationed on it all last summer, and said he could not understand how any troops could fail to hold it. In his opinion the garrison must have been demoralized before the British attack began.

The latter statement is thought to be true, for other captured Germans have testified to demoralization in their ranks after several days of the British intensive artillery fire. The Germans continue highly nervous along the front, the slightest increase in the British fire calling up distress signals.

The German infantry are getting better artillery support since the battle of Arras as a result of the bitterly worded reports made regarding the lack of this support previously. The feeling is so intense between the German infantrymen

and artillerymen that the British have found it necessary to separate the prisoners belonging to the two services, to prevent fighting within the cages.

The newly called up troops thrown into the western line admit that the artillery fire bewildered them. This is also true of the German troops recently transferred from the eastern to the western fronts. Prisoners from the latter forces say that they had no idea what it was actually like until recently, and all became much depressed when they saw the trenches they were supposed to occupy all smashed and torn by the British shell fire.

Prisoners taken in the past three days tell of the spread of discontent in the German army because of the reduced rations since April 15. Each man formerly received half a loaf of bread daily. Now he has only one-third of a loaf. This reduction coming after the Somme retreat, the defeat at Arras and the beginning of the great French offensive has caused much grumbling among the troops.

BIG BRITISH VICTORY ALSO IN PALESTINE

Captured Turkish Positions Along Front of 6½ Miles, Being Aided by the Fire of Warships.

London, April 20.—The general officer commanding the British forces in Egypt reports in an official statement to the war office that on the 17th the British advanced north of the Wadi Ghuzze in southern Palestine and captured the Turkish advance positions along a front of six and one-half miles. "The attack," the statement says, "was assisted by the fire of warships and the position gained was consolidated." Fighting was still proceeding at the time the report was sent.

TURKISH FORCES ARE PUT TO ROUT IN MESOPOTAMIA

British Captured 1,244 Turks After Forcing the Passage of Shattaladhem River.

London, April 20.—General Maude, commanding the British forces in Mesopotamia, has forced the passage of the Shattaladhem river, attacked Turkish main positions and completely routed the Turkish forces, says an official statement to the British war department to-day. So far 1,255 Turks have been taken prisoners.

SUBMARINE FIRED ON LOWERING BOATS

Crews of the U-boats Then Looted the Cabins of Two Norwegian Vessels.

London, April 20.—A Reuter's dispatch from Christiania says an inquiry into the sinking of the Norwegian steamer The Star, revealed the fact that the attacking submarine fired on the life boats while they were being lowered. Afterwards the Germans looted the steamer. The dispatch also says that the captain of the Norwegian steamer Blomvaag reports that a submarine fired on his boats as they were being lowered, killing four sailors. The attackers looted the cabins of the ship.

WARNS AGAINST HYSTERIA.

And Against Ill-Advised Economy in the United States.

Washington, D. C., April 20.—Warning to the nation against a real danger in hysteria and ill-advised economy and interference with normal pursuits of the people is given by Howard E. Coffin of the advisory commission of the Council of National Defense in a statement made public last night as a first enterprise of the government's new committee on public information.

Just returned from a trip through several middle western states, Mr. Coffin deplores the fact that conditions of unemployment and closed factories should arise as a result of indiscriminate efforts, public and private, toward wartime economy.

"After nearly three years of refusal to take the European war and its lesson seriously," Mr. Coffin says, "we suddenly launched forth in a most feverish activity to save the country over night. Patriotic organizations, almost without number, are milling around noisily and while intentions are good the results are often far from practical.

"Because of an impending and possible shortage of foodstuffs we have hysteria for economy in every line of human endeavor. Waste is bad but an indiscriminate economy is worse.

"Some states and municipalities are stopping road building and other public work. General business is being slowed down because of the emotional response of the trading public to these misguided campaigns for economy; savings are being withdrawn from the banks; reports show that some people have begun to hoard food supplies and thousands of workers are being thrown needlessly out of employment. All this is wrong.

"Unemployed and closed factories, brought about through fitful and ill-advised campaigns for public and private economy will prove a veritable foundation of quack-sand for the serious work we have at hand.

"It is true that the president has said that this is a time to correct our habits of wastefulness. Certainly! But the keynote of his message to the people was this paragraph:

"It is evident to every thinking man that our industries, on the farm, in the shipyards, in the mines, in the factories, must be made more prolific and more efficient."

"We need prosperity in wartime even more than when we are at peace. Business depressions are always bad, but doubly so when we have a fight on our hands. The declaration of war can have no real effect on business. What had effects are apparent are purely sociological and largely of our own foolish making, for our markets are the same in April that they were in March. We need more business, not less. There is real danger in hysteria. Indiscriminate economy will be ruinous. Now is the time to open the throttle."

U.S. FLAG FLOATS ON PARLIAMENT

First Time Foreign Emblem Ever Had Such a Distinction

GREAT CELEBRATION OF AMERICA IN WAR

St. Paul's Cathedral Crowded, King and Queen Being Present

London, April 20.—British people and Americans in this country celebrated America's partnership in the world war by a religious service in St. Paul's cathedral attended by the official heads of the nation and a great congregation which included hundreds of Americans and many prominent British men and women.

There was a great display of American flags in London and all other British towns and a popular demonstration by crowds surrounding the cathedral. The Stars and Stripes flowed from the highest tower of Parliament buildings at Westminster, the first time that a foreign flag was ever displayed on that eminence, and flew above all the government buildings in the British capital.

The cathedral seats nearly 4,000 and it was filled to the furthestmost recesses when King George and Queen Mary entered, followed by the mayors of the 26 boroughs of London in scarlet robes. Other members of the royal family were also present.

The American embassy and consular staffs occupied front seats with the representatives of the Pilgrims' American society, the American Luncheon club and the American Chamber of Commerce. In the diplomatic section were officers in the uniforms of France, Russia, Italy, Belgium, Serbia, Montenegro, Rumania and Japan.

The clergy of St. Paul's conducted the services, assisted by the archbishop of Canterbury and the bishop of London.

SIX DEAD FROM EXPLOSION.

And Score More Were Injured in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 20.—Six persons are dead and a score of others are suffering from minor injuries as a result of a fire which is thought to have resulted from an explosion of motion picture film in the office of a film exchange in the Colfax office building and apartment house in the town-district here last night.

Forty persons were in the building when the explosion occurred and a score of women were hurt in the panic which followed a rush for the stairways.

The dead are:

Dr. Martha E. Keller, Harry Rowland, 18; Leona Griffin, 18; Robert Griffin, 14; Mrs. M. Griffin, mother of Leona and Robert, and an unidentified woman.

CAMPED AT WELLS RIVER.

Vermont Militia Then Detailed to Guard Bridges.

Woodsville, N. H., April 20.—Vermont state troops, comprising Companies E, F, G and H, in command of Major Tinkler of St. Johnsbury, arrived in Wells River, Vt., yesterday afternoon where they made camp. A detachment from Company B doing guard duty here during the past two weeks will be relieved by fresh men and will return to Fort Ethan Allen.

The soldiers arriving yesterday will be assigned to guard duty on various bridges throughout northern New Hampshire, south of Ashland and on the Passumpsic division in Vermont.

WRECK AT WATERBURY.

Several Cars on Freight Train Were Smashed.

Waterbury, April 20.—A derailment resulting in the smashing of several cars of merchandise occurred near the dry bridge at Stove street last evening about 10:30 o'clock. The freight was proceeding through this village at a fast rate of speed and when about 60 rods from here one car was derailed by a faulty brake. When it reached the Drew Daniels shed it tore across tracks and smashed into five or six cars on a siding, damaging them considerably, besides breaking open eight or 10 cars of the train. One siding was in good condition so that traffic was not interfered with. One car stalled at nearly right angles with the track. Nearly 500 feet of the main line track was torn up and a wrecking crew has been working steadily repairing and clearing the wreckage away.

DEATH HASTENED BY FALL.

Leonard Huntley of Waterbury Center Was Over 80.

Waterbury Center, April 20.—Leonard Huntley, a long-time resident here, died at his home last evening. Mr. Huntley fell over two weeks ago and broke his hip, which hastened the end. He was over 80 years old. He leaves a widow and one son, Clarence. He is also survived by a nephew, C. W. Huntley, who lives near Keelad Falls. Funeral arrangements have not been made.

Funeral of Accident Victim.

Waterbury, April 20.—The funeral of the little two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Apher, who died of a fractured skull resulting from a fall from a three-story building yesterday, will be held from the home Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. W. L. Bolcourt will officiate in the absence of Rev. Smith, who is attending the conference.

RICE.

A Convenient Starchy Food, and Digests Well.

Although rice has been recognized as a good food in the United States since early colonial times, and in some form or other is generally liked in all parts of the country, it has not been given so important a place as a staple article of diet as it deserves, say specialists of the U. S. department of agriculture.

VT. METHODISTS FAVOR UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING

Also They Petition Congress for Passage of Measure Prohibiting Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquor.

Newport, April 20.—The Vermont Methodist conference went on record yesterday as endorsing President Wilson's plan of universal military service on the selective principle as being absolutely necessary. Resolutions were also adopted, urging Congress to pass measures restricting all manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor except as may be absolutely required for scientific purposes.

The following transfers were announced by Bishop Hamilton: Horace B. Haskell from East Maine district to Vermont; T. W. Owens from Vermont to Maine. The conference announced the following transfers: D. G. Portens from Vermont to New Hampshire; C. M. Redstone from Vermont to the New England district; Guy F. Crawford from Vermont district to central New York; E. A. Lendrum from Vermont to Detroit; M. H. Sharples from Vermont to East Maine; Fred Daniels from Vermont to Troy, N. Y.

O. E. Barnard withdraws from the ministry and membership of the Methodist Episcopal church to the Congregational church.

The women's home and foreign missionary societies held a joint session at the First Baptist church during the forenoon.

At the anniversary meeting of the women's missionary society, Mrs. A. H. Webb presiding, the address was given by Rev. Mr. Newhall, M. D., of Alaska. At the anniversary meeting of the women's foreign missionary society, Mrs. B. F. Moore presiding, the address was given by Miss Florence E. Nichols, corresponding secretary. The choir of the First Baptist church led the music for the evening service and addresses were given by Dr. George B. Dean, department of evangelism, Philadelphia, and Fred B. Fisher, general secretary of the laymen's missionary movement and extension secretary of the India mass movement, New York.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT IS CONCLUDED AT MONTPELIER

Public Exercises Were Held Last Evening.—C. T. S. Pierce of Vergennes Elected Department Commander.

Exercises held in the city hall auditorium by the state department of the G. A. R., and the allied patriotic organizations, the Woman's Relief corps, Ladies of the G. A. R., Sons of Veterans and auxiliary, brought the 50th annual encampment to a close in Montpelier last evening. Nearly all of the 400 visitors left last night and early to-day for their respective homes, although about 100 members of the Woman's Relief corps met in the city hall this forenoon to conclude some routine business.

C. T. S. Pierce of Vergennes was elected commander of the state department, G. A. R. Other officers elected were: Senior vice-commander, John R. Wilson of Worcester; junior vice-commander, E. E. Pierce of Springfield; chaplain, L. W. Bush of Townshend; medical director, C. M. Ferrin of Essex Junction; council of administration, D. C. Woodward of Essex Junction; R. G. Brock of Wells River; George A. Briggs of Morrisville; Capt. J. L. Mosely of Northfield; George W. Colby of Montpelier, representative to national encampment, George H. Waldron of Springfield; delegate, A. M. Teal of Montpelier; E. Teller of Tunbridge; W. E. Bliss of East Calais; W. L. Cady of Middlebury; George Barnett of Bradford; alternates, George E. Morgan of Burlington, John H. Amidon of North Hyde Park, William Bond of Bellows Falls, T. W. Eason of Brattleboro, George W. Bridgman of Hardwick and George W. Flag of Randolph.

The other organizations elected the following officers:

Woman's Relief corps—President, Mrs. Nellie Crowley of Rutland; vice-presidents, Mrs. Jesse Sturtevant of St. Albans and Mrs. Mary Goss of Montpelier; treasurer, Minnie E. Kingley of Rutland; chaplain, Mary Roberts of Springfield; executive board, Emma LaPoint of Barre, Louise Smith of Bellows Falls, Anna Bush of Newfane, Mary E. Colby of Montpelier and Mary Brundy of Montpelier; delegate-at-large, Louise Switzer of Bellows Falls; first delegate, Mary Lyman of Rutland; second delegate, Ada Merritt of Cabot; third delegate, Lucy Cutting of Bennington; fourth delegate, Alice Smith of Chester; alternate-at-large, Isora Lassor of Rutland; alternates, Belle Hillard of Wallingford, Alice Hill of Burlington, Hattie Parker of Waterbury Center and Lottie Ladd.

The following appointive officers were named: Secretary, Cordelia Meadham of Rutland; inspector, Carrie Dean of Castleton; counselor, Helen P. Bonnett of Concord; installing officer, Alice Smith of Chester; press correspondent, Belle Hillard of Wallingford. The officers were installed this forenoon.

Sons of Veterans—Commander, J. P. Hoadley of Wallingford; vice-commanders, E. F. Walker of Johnson and A. L. Ware of Chester; delegates to national convention, L. M. Hill of Montpelier and C. R. Davenport of Saxtons River.

Sons of Veterans' auxiliary—President, Mrs. Eugenia Frasier of Springfield; vice-president, Mrs. Maude Fitch of Wallingford; treasurer, Mrs. Josephine Hanson of Chester; delegates, Mrs. Mabel Fay of Morrisville and Mrs. Clara Perry of Barre.

TALKED OVER THE ROADS.

Nearly 100 Officials of Washington County Towns Met.

Nearly 100 road commissioners and selectmen of cities and towns in Washington county met in the memorial room of the Montpelier city hall to-day for their annual conference on roads and road work. State Highway Commissioner Stoddard Bates and County Supervisor R. W. Currier of Barre addressed the conference this forenoon, after which the party went to the Pythian hall, where dinner was served. Mayor Mitchell and James B. Estee addressed remarks and then the officials of the cities and towns went back into conference.

KRUPPS PLANT NOW INVOLVED

Strike Is Reported to Have Broken Out in Germany's Greatest Industry

OTHER MUNITION PLANTS AFFECTED

Amsterdam Newspaper Says It Has the Report from German Sources

Amsterdam, via London, April 20.—Strikes have broken out in various munitions factories in Germany, including Krupp's, Telegram says it has learned from German sources.

REFUSED SEAT IN CONGRESS.

Miss Anne Martin Wished to Devote Herself to Suffrage Cause.

Miss Anne Martin, who came from the Washington headquarters of the National Woman's party to speak at the suffrage conference in the Montpelier city hall at 3 o'clock on April 21, might be sitting in Congress beside Miss Rankin. She refused to run for Congress last fall in her native state, Nevada, because she felt the time not yet ripe for anything but a country-wide drive for the federal suffrage amendment.

The dramatic story of Miss Martin's 1914 campaign reads like a story of 49. She had been an important suffrage worker from the time of her graduation from Leland Stanford university, and during her professorship at the University of Nevada. In 1913, preceding the campaign, she set out to reach the voters of Nevada. Where there were railroads, she went by train; where there were roads, she went by motor and stage; and where there were only trails, she went on foot and horseback. She spoke by day to the women and talked at night to little halls crowded with enthusiastic miners, and in 1914 Nevada became a free state.

At the conference Saturday, Miss Martin will speak on the status of the English woman suffrage bill in war time. She has lived in England at various times and worked intimately with various English leaders, including Mrs. Pankhurst and Mrs. Petwick Lawrence. She will explain why the National Woman's party, which recently absorbed the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage, deems it of first importance that pickets at the White House and Capitol keep before the mind of the administration that we are entering a war for democracy, confident of the utmost sacrifice and loyalty from women, without first establishing democracy at home.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Mrs. John Elder of Colchester Was Tending Bonfire.

Colchester, April 20.—Mrs. Kate (McCall) Elder, wife of John Elder, died yesterday of burns received when her clothing caught fire while she was engaged in burning paper in the yard. She was badly burned about the lower part of her body. It is supposed that a piece of paper was blown against her clothes. Daniel Griffith, driving past, found her and put out the flames, but Mrs. Elder's death occurred half an hour later.

Griffith after extinguishing the flames ran for Mr. Elder, who was not at home at the time. Mrs. Elder died shortly after he reached her and before the arrival of a physician. She was 65 years of age and was born in this place. Besides her husband, she leaves one brother, Terrence McCall of Stowe, and a niece, Mrs. Lucy Rogers of Brattleboro.

SNIPERS' FIRE RETURNED

And One Mexican Was Seen to Fall After the Volley.

El Paso, Tex., April 20.—Snipers who fired at an American sentry stationed at the viaduct in the suburbs of this city were fired upon in return by a squad of United States soldiers late yesterday. One Mexican was seen to fall after the volley had been fired across the border.

The sentry was patrolling his beat when two shots were fired from entrenchments on the Mexican side, according to the official report received at military headquarters. The sentry returned the fire and called the members of his squad. They fired more than 20 shots across the line.

When Mexican Consul Bravo reported the affair to Brig. Gen. George Bell, jr., Gen. Bell informed the consul that the American sentry had been fired upon and had obeyed orders in returning the fire.

DEATH OF GEORGE DAVIDSON.

Barre Man Had Been Ill for a Long Time.

George Davidson passed away at his home in the Bolster block this morning at 6 o'clock, the end following a protracted illness. His condition in the past few days had been somewhat improved and last evening he conversed with members of the family and seemed to be much brighter than for some time. Toward morning he failed rapidly and to end came suddenly.

He leaves his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Davidson, two sisters, Mrs. John Emslie and Miss Nellie Davidson, and two brothers, Thomas Davidson, who recently returned from an extended sojourn in the South, and Edward Davidson. All of his near relatives reside in Barre. The deceased was a native of Aberdeenshire, Scotland, and came here as a youth 25 years ago. Here he learned the granite-cutters' trade and before his last illness was employed by the Lillie Granite Co. The funeral arrangements have not been made.

PROFESSORS ARE TO PLANT.

New Hampshire College Men Are to Use Two-Acre Plot.

Durham, N. H., April 20.—Twenty-five members of the faculty of the New Hampshire college have joined in a cooperative potato planting project. A two-acre plot will be planted and the professors will care for the growing crop.

44 APPLICATIONS FOR LIQUOR LICENSES MOSTLY FIRST CLASS

Owing to Passage of Law Putting Ban on Second Class Licenses in Time of War, There Are Only Two Applications in That Class.

Forty-four applications for licenses of the first, second, third, fifth and seventh classes had been made at city hall yesterday afternoon when the time prescribed by the license commissioners had expired at 5 o'clock. The total falls far short of the aggregate in 1916, when upward of 70 applications were made in a time when Barre was returning to the open saloon regime after voting aridly for several years. A greater variety of licenses is demanded by the applicants this year, as the legislative prescription on second-class places turned many of the candidates to the statute book in a search for relief to be found in licenses of other classes. It will be noted that 10 of the 11 licensees who conducted establishments in the past year have applied, the holder of the first-class license in the Oscola building on North Main street having decided not to try for a renewal.

A hearing on the applications will be held at city hall on the morning of Monday, April 30, at 9 o'clock. It is quite probable that the licenses will be granted very soon thereafter. Applications must be published once in each week for three weeks, so that a move in the direction of placing the licenses cannot possibly be announced before April 30. The license commissioners, W. H. Ward and B. Lucina of Barre and E. B. House of Berlin, met in the city hall chamber at the city building this morning for their first consideration of the applications. Thus far no announcement has been made concerning the fee to be demanded of license holders. Bonds of \$3,000 were required of each applicant. In 1916 the sum of \$800 for first and second class licenses was received.

Applications have been made as follows, proposed locations being indicated after each name:

First class—Santino Boggi, 437 North Main street; John B. Bruns, 4 Merchant street; Angelo C. Calderara, 325 North Main street; John B. Cassellini, 325 North Main street; John J. Cayhne, 248 North Main street; Giuseppe Corti, 33 Granite street; William Emslie and William Wright, jr., 357 North Main street; David W. Faulkner, 107 South Main street; John A. Frontini, 437 North Main street; Alfred Gerbetti, 303 North Main street; Andrew J. Guthrie, 12 Pearl street; Charles M. Hawes, 4 Merchant street; John E. Hoban, 20 Pearl street; Paolo Lucchina, 325 North Main street; Joseph E. Marchetti, 247 North Main street; Peter Merlo, 33 Granite street; J. Edward Murphy, 8 Merchant street; Martin McMahon, 248 North Main street; John Papin, 437 North Main street; Gilbert Phillips, 243 North Main street; Amedeo Ronca, 6 Merchant street; Angelo Rossi, 437 North Main street; John Rosso, 355 North Main street; Angelo Scampini, 303 North Main street; Ted Thierault, 247 North Main street; Anthony Tomasi, 247 North Main street.

Second class—John E. Hoban, 20 Pearl street; Angelo Scampini, 303 North Main street.

Third class—John Papin, 437 North Main street.

Fifth class—Anthony Altieri, 230 North Main street; Ernest A. Drown, 48 North Main street.

Seventh class—Frank E. Austin, 247 North Main street; Santino Boggi, 437 North Main street; Giuseppe Calderara, 107 South Main street; Alfred Gerbetti, 303 North Main street; John E. Hoban, 20 Pearl street; Michael R. Kearney, 4 Merchant street; Paolo Lucchina, 325 North Main street; Joseph E. Marchetti, 247 North Main street; Attilio Perantoni, 435 North Main street; Gilbert Phillips, 243 North Main street; Amedeo Ronca, 6 Merchant street; Angelo Rossi, 437 North Main street; Francesco Tettamanti, 4 Merchant street.

Twenty-six applicants, in recapitulation, have asked for first-class licenses, two for second-class licenses, one for a third-class, two for a fifth-class and 13 for a seventh-class license. There were seven first-class places licensed in 1916 and four second-class establishments. The third-class license permits the sale of malted liquors (beer, etc.) and light wines (under 15 per cent for consumption on the premises and is sometimes known as a restaurant license. The fifth-class is a druggist license and the seventh-class license permits the sale of malted liquors and light wines, as in the third class, with the reservation that it must be sold in bottles and not consumed on the premises where purchased.

PUT UNDER HEAVY BAIL.

Henry Diamond Is Charged with Importing Narcotics.

Burlington, April 20.—That the federal officials are reasonably sure that in Henry Diamond they have one of the operators of the syndicate which is known to be importing narcotics into the United States from Canada in a systematic manner, contrary to the federal laws regarding such importations, was made plain in the United States court room in the federal building of this city yesterday, when Diamond was given a preliminary hearing before Judge Harland B. Howe to see whether or not the case against him would warrant his being held for the next grand jury term. The evidence was of such a nature that Diamond will be held for indictment proceedings, bail being fixed at \$5,000. The bail, however, is only temporary and may be raised later. Dist. Atty. Vernon A. Bullard having asked the court to fix the bail at \$10,000.

Haskell F. Butler, who is under arrest charged with being an accomplice in the same case, his bail having been fixed at \$2,000, was the principal witness against Diamond.

DIDN'T GET WISH.

George Robb to Go to House of Correction, Not to County Jail.

George Robb, a third offender under the intoxication law, was the first victim in Montpelier city court to-day of the law which requires the commitment of subsequent offenders to the house of correction instead of the county jail. Robb asked for a stay in Washington county jail, but the privilege had to be denied him. So he goes to the house of correction for not less than six months.

FIX FOOD PRICES.

Sec. Houston Advocates Power Be Given to Council of Defense.

Washington, D. C., April 20.—Secretary Houston to-day recommended to the Senate that the Council of National Defense be empowered to fix minimum and maximum food prices.

DARING ACT SAVED YOUTH.

Older Lad Rushed Onto Trestle and Pulled Him Away from Oncoming Train.

Middlebury, April 20.—Eight-year-old Cornelius Shackett was saved from a horrible death last night when he was snatched from the path of the flyer about 6 o'clock by Howard Bruya, aged 15.

With the placing of guards yesterday at the iron bridge near the station, young boys were attracted to the scene. Last night a party of them were there, when young Shackett ran out upon the track and was halfway across the bridge when the train was heard approaching. He stumbled and fell between the rails, and undoubtedly would have been killed if young Bruya had not darted forward, grabbed him, and pulled him to safety. The engineer was unable to stop the train in time and it had gone half its length before coming to a standstill.

CONDITION IMPROVED.

Sarah Bernhardt Passed a Comfortable Night.

New York, April 20.—The condition of Sarah Bernhardt, who was operated on Tuesday night, again showed slight improvement this morning. She passed a comfortable night, her physicians said.

NOW AGREED ON P. LOAN

\$7,000,000,000 Will Be Shaped to Satisfy Senate and House Conference